Province	Number of Libraries.	Volumes.	Circulation.	Libraries Receiving Periodicals.	Number of Periodicals Received.	Expendi- ture on Books and Periodicals in 1931.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia. Yukon	2 14 9 21 473 20 27 20 33 3	9,200 97,424 84,873 535,097 3,054,943 101,602 188,550 190,511 225,162 12,330	44,023 141,334 225,311 625,472 13,853,149 876,996 1,521,937 1,535,129 2,068,773 12,800	2 7 14 258 6 14 12 12 12 2	40 169 251 1,313 8,048 276 599 495 1,014 34	\$ 424 2,921 5,285 21,071 340,322 25,848 35,162 27,364 49,369 1,556
Canada	622	4, 499, 712	29,904,924	334	12,239	509,322

13.—Summary Statistics of Public Libra

University, College and Professional School Libraries.—In 1931 this group included 230 libraries in advanced educational institutions having a full-time enrolment of 63,309 students and a teaching staff of about 6,700. The total contents of these libraries were 3,615,402 volumes and the total expenditure for books and periodicals was \$246,617. The largest of these libraries were those of McGill University with 450,000 volumes and the University of Toronto with 275,000 volumes.

Business, Technical Society and Government Libraries.—These included about 2,300,000 volumes, of which over 1,800,000 were in 52 governmental libraries, Dominion and Provincial. The largest of these libraries were the Parliamentary Library in Ottawa with 400,000 volumes, the Legislative Library of Ontario with 250,000 volumes and the Provincial Library of British Columbia with 205,000 volumes.

School Libraries.—Nearly 300 public high schools and about 375 private or independent high schools reported the existence of libraries in their schools. These included the bulk of the secondary schools of the Dominion. Elementary schools also in many cases possess libraries. In Ontario, 5,927 out of 5,986 rural schools were in possession of a public library, the libraries of 5,612 of these schools averaged 251 books each, making a total of over 1,400,000 volumes. Rural school libraries are on the increase thoughout the Dominion.

Library Schools.—Schools for the training of librarians exist at McGill University and at the University of Toronto. The former gives a short six weeks course of training as well as a degree course giving the degree of Bachelor of Library Science after n one-year course to those who have already a bachelor degree. The latter offers a one-year course in library training, the minimum requirement for admission to the course being honour matriculation. Acadia University gives two elective courses in library science which may be taken for its degree of Bachelor of Arts.

Section 4.-Art in Canada.

An article entitled "The Development of the Fine Arts in Canada", contributed by Newton MacTavish, M.A., D. Litt., appeared at pp. 995-1009 of the 1931 Year Book and a shorter article, dealing more particularly with the National Art Gallery, at pp. 886-888 of the 1924 Year Book.